



Idaho Department of Fish and Game A Report to Our Citizens

FY 2022

Who we are

Our Mission

(Idaho Code Section 36-103)

All wildlife, including all wild animals, wild birds, and fish, within the state of Idaho, is hereby declared to be the property of the state of Idaho. It shall be preserved, protected, perpetuated, and managed. It shall only be captured or taken at such times or places, under such conditions, or by such means, or in such manner, as will preserve, protect, and perpetuate such wildlife, and provide for the citizens of the state and, as by law permitted to others, continued supplies of such wildlife for hunting, fishing and trapping.

FY 2022 Highlight



Participation in the Super Hunt drawings has shown continued growth, and in 2022 resulted in an additional \$1.3 million to fund programs like Access Yes!, which provides hunters increased access to private land.

2022 Idaho Department of Fish and Game Organizational Chart



Tim Murphy
Southwest Region

To contact and for more information please visit: idfg.idaho.gov/about/commission/members



Greg Cameron
Magic Valley Region



Dave Bobbitt
Panhandle Region



Derick Attebury
Upper Snake Region



Don Ebert
Clearwater Region



Jordan Cheirrett
Southeast Region



Ron Davies
Salmon Region

Commissioners



Ed Schriever
Director

- Wildlife
- Fisheries
- Communication
- Administration
- Enforcement
- Technical Services

553 Classified Employees.

For more information please visit:
idfg.idaho.gov/about/directory

How we accomplish our goals...

GOAL

1

Sustain Idaho's fish and wildlife and the habitats upon which they depend.

- ✓ 29,996,944 hatchery-raised fish stocked in Idaho waters.
 - FY21: 28,948,207
 - FY20: 29,699,863
- ✓ 84% of deer units and elk zones meeting population objectives.
 - FY21: 84%
 - FY20: 87%
- ✓ 46,578 licenses checked resulting in 3,464 violations.
 - FY21: 32,626/3,110
 - FY20: 45,369/3,727
- ✓ 421,635 acres of F&G Wildlife Management Areas providing critical habitat.
- ✓ Responded to 942 depredation complaints and paid 84 claims.
 - FY21: 1,020/86
 - FY20: 1,107/84
- ✓ 4,032 disease cases evaluated by F&G health labs
 - FY21: 3,122
 - FY20: 3,156



GOAL

2

Meet the demand for hunting, fishing, trapping and other wildlife recreation.

- ✓ 3,998,508 acres available for hunting, fishing, trapping and wildlife viewing through F&G Access programs.
 - FY 21: 4,009,294
 - FY 20: 4,015,945
- ✓ 547,861 hunting, fishing, combo licenses sold.
 - FY21: 653,889
 - FY20: 651,511
- ✓ 67,900 deer and elk harvested in 2021.
 - 2020: 72,434
 - 2019: 65,761
- ✓ 1,465,505 deer and elk hunter days in 2021.
 - 2020: 1,621,026
 - 2019: 1,534,402
- ✓ 11,453 hunter education students certified.
 - FY21: 14,428
 - FY20: 15,355



GOAL

3

Improve public understanding of and involvement in fish and wildlife management.

- ✓ 3.64M unique visitors to F&G website.
 - FY21: 3.98M
 - FY20: 3.00M
- ✓ 626,162 visitors to Idaho Hunt and Fish Planner webpages.
 - FY21: 745,208
 - FY20: 709,392
- ✓ 27,230 volunteer service hours.
 - FY21: 21,818
 - FY20: 25,418
- ✓ 3.2M emails delivered.
 - FY21: 5.1M
 - FY 20: 6.1M
- ✓ 1,906,517 people reached on Facebook
 - FY21: 2,073,286



GOAL

4

Enhance the capability of the Department to manage fish and wildlife and serve the public.

- ✓ New license system auto-renewed 15,119 items, bringing greater convenience and over \$637,000 in revenue.
- ✓ 553 classified employees
 - FY21: 553
 - FY20: 553
- ✓ 72% of job postings received adequate pool of qualified applicants
 - FY21: 86%
 - FY20: 88%
- ✓ 88% of new hires retained after 2 years
 - FY21: 85%
 - FY20: 93%
- ✓ 62% compliance with hunter reporting for population data analysis in 2021
 - 2020: 60%
 - 2019: 63%



Did You Know?

Idaho Fish and Game does not receive any general funds from state tax dollars. Primary revenue comes from the sale of licenses, tags and permits; federal taxes on hunting and fishing equipment; and mitigation payments from hydroelectric dam construction.

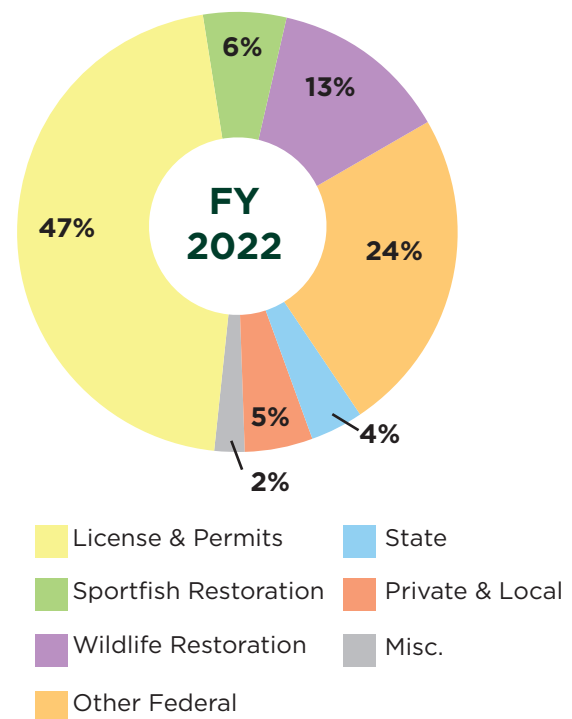
Revenue & Expenditures

Revenue	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
License & Permits	\$55,542,699	\$59,837,210	\$56,320,651
Sportfish Restoration	\$6,470,904	\$6,290,761	\$6,943,203
Wildlife Restoration	\$17,371,150	\$16,562,871	\$15,407,253
Other Federal	\$28,210,163	\$27,241,037	\$28,288,650
State	NA	\$3,395,944	\$4,347,416
Private & Local	\$9,920,480	\$6,092,597	\$5,794,888
Miscellaneous	\$3,016,983	\$5,006,348	\$2,869,398
Current Year Revenue	\$120,532,379	\$124,426,768	\$119,971,459

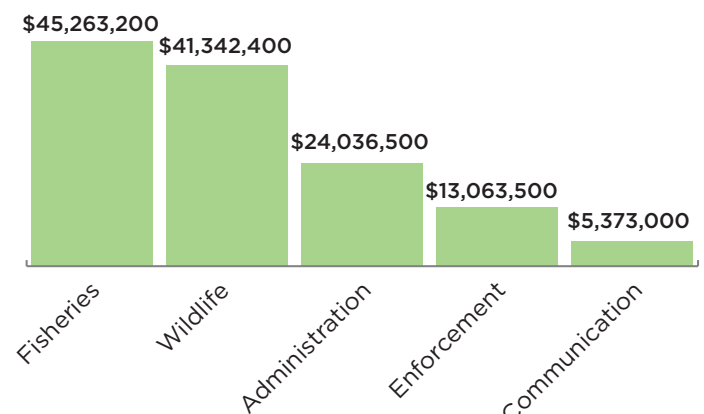
Expenditure	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Personnel	\$53,138,000	\$51,706,200	\$54,826,000
Operating	\$49,214,200	\$47,159,300	\$53,796,900
Capital Outlay	\$11,111,000	\$12,462,000	\$9,480,600
Trustee/Benefit Payments	\$1,542,200	\$1,314,400	\$2,230,900
Total	\$115,005,400	\$112,641,900	\$120,334,400

Sportsman Licenses and Excise Tax Dollars at Work*			
Activity	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2021
Population & Habitat Management	\$18M	\$24M	\$19M
Enforcement	\$12M	\$12M	\$13M
Fish Hatchery Operations	\$6M	\$6M	\$6M
Health & Research (Fish & Wildlife)	\$6M	\$5M	\$4M
Sportsman's Access	\$4M	\$4M	\$5M
Depredation / Winterfeeding	\$2M	\$3M	\$2M
Aquatic & Hunter Education	\$1.7M	\$1.5M	\$1.5M
Shooting Range Development	\$1M	\$0.5M	\$0.3M
*Includes license revenue and federal excise tax on hunting quipment and boat fuel.			

Revenue Budget 2022



Bureau Expenditure Budget 2022





Challenges

Chronic Wasting Disease

This past year, the Department faced the challenge of managing several disease outbreaks including the State's first detection of Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD). Detecting, monitoring, and managing disease outbreaks takes considerable staff time and pulls resource from other projects, and can have significant impacts to wildlife populations and sportsmen opportunity.

Private Land and Wildlife

While the wildlife of Idaho is a public resource, private land plays a critical role in productivity of many wildlife populations. This presents many challenges including working with landowners to enhance and conserve wildlife habitat as well as managing depredation issues arising when wildlife impacts agriculture operations.

Crowding & Meeting Public Expectations

Hunter congestion is a growing concern for hunters, and Fish and Game is entering a second year of surveys to assess and inform management decisions. In the coming years the department will seek methods to reduce crowding while maintaining the public's right to access wildlife opportunities.



For more information, annual strategic plans, performance reports and recent financial audits, please visit idfg.idaho.gov

600 S. Walnut
Boise, ID 83712
208-334-3700



@IdahoFishGame



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