

Special Restrictions

Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited. Fishing is also prohibited in the area of the ladder to the Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery (approximately 1 mile upstream of the Cherry Lane Bridge) as delineated by posted boundaries approximately 100 yards upstream and downstream from the ladder, and extending into the river channel approximately 50 yards.

North Fork Clearwater River: The mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River is defined as a straight line between the posted signs located at the Clearwater Hatchery outlet culvert on the west side and at the tip of land below the Dworshak Hatchery on the east side. Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited. Fishing from any watercraft or wading is prohibited between the posted line approximately 150 yards upstream from the mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River to the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge. When fishing from the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge, it is unlawful to take or attempt to take any fish downstream of the railroad bridge. Fishing from the railroad bridge is prohibited.

IDFG adheres to all applicable state and federal laws and regulations related to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, gender, or handicap. If you feel you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility of IDFG, or if you desire further information, please write to: Idaho Department of Fish and Game, P.O. Box 25, Boise, ID 83707; or The Office of Human Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, Washington, DC 20240.

Costs associated with this publication are available from IDFG in accordance with section 60-202, Idaho Code. 4-09/30,000/31801

Other Relevant Statutes & Rules

The following acts are unlawful by statute or commission rule. Consult Title 36, Idaho Code, or the 2015-2018 Idaho Fishing Seasons and Rules for exact wording and complete listing.

It Is Unlawful:

- To fish within the posted upstream or downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.
- To refuse to produce license or fish for inspection upon request by a conservation officer.
- To fail to stop and report at check stations established to inspect licenses and fish and game.
- To possess, transport or use as bait any live fish, leeches, frogs, salamanders, waterdogs, or shrimp as bait, except that live crayfish may be used if caught on the body of water being fished.
- To catch any part of another person's bag limit, EXCEPT in the case of license-exempt persons fishing for salmon and steelhead.
- To transport for another or accept as a gift any game fish, unless a statement signed by the taker accompanies the fish, showing the number and kinds, the date taken, the taker's name, address and fishing license number.
- To claim ownership to more wild game or fish taken within the state of Idaho than allowed by established possession limits.
- To ship any fish by commercial carrier unless the outside of the package is marked as to the number and kinds of fish and the package contains a written statement showing the taker's name, address and fishing license number.
- To use seines, dip nets, spears, snag hooks, or any other contrivances in taking any fish from the waters of the state EXCEPT as allowed by Commission regulation. (Note: Tribal fisheries may use gear types other than those allowed in sport fisheries)
- To waste game fish.
- To sell fish without a permit.

Snagging

It is unlawful to take or attempt to take salmon by snagging. Snagging shall mean the taking or attempting to take a fish by use of a hook or lure in any manner or method other than enticing or attracting a fish to strike with, and become hooked in its mouth. A salmon that has been hooked anywhere other than its mouth or jaw must be released.

Licenses, Permits and Requirements

| | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Resident Fishing License | \$25.75 |
| Resident Junior (14-17) Fishing License | \$13.75 |
| Resident Salmon Permit (License Required) | \$12.75 |
| Resident Two-Pole Permit..... | \$13.75 |
| Nonresident Season Fishing License | \$98.25 |
| Nonresident Daily Fishing License | \$12.75 |
| (Each Consecutive day at initial purchase) | \$6.00 |
| Nonresident Junior (under 18) Fishing License | \$21.75 |
| Nonresident Salmon Permit (License Required)..... | \$25.75 |
| 3-Day Salmon/Steelhead Permit (includes a 3-Day General Fishing License) | \$37.50 |
| Nonresident Two-Pole Permit..... | \$15.50 |

- Any person, age 14 and older, must have a valid Fishing License and Salmon Permit in possession to fish for salmon, except Free Fishing Day, June 14, 2017.
- Any person, age 14 and older, who does not qualify as a resident must purchase a Nonresident Season Fishing License and Salmon Permit, a Nonresident Junior Fishing License and Salmon Permit, or a 3-Day Salmon/Steelhead License to fish for salmon.
- To qualify for resident status, a person must be domiciled in the state for at least six months.
- Children (including nonresidents) under the age of 14 may fish without a license and salmon permit provided they are accompanied by the holder of a valid permit and that any salmon 24 inches or more in length kept must be recorded on the permit holder's card and all salmon kept must be counted in the permit holder's legal bag, possession, and season limit.
- Resident children under the age of 14 may purchase their own salmon permit so that they may catch their own limit of salmon.
- Nonresident children under the age of 14 may purchase a Nonresident Junior Fishing License and a salmon permit so that they may catch their own limit of salmon.
- Children (including nonresidents) under the age of 14 may purchase a two pole permit.
- The holder of a valid Idaho Fishing License and Salmon Permit may fish for salmon in the Snake River where it forms the boundary between the states of Idaho and Oregon, subject to the fish and game laws of Idaho, but may not fish from the shoreline, including wading, and may not fish in sloughs or tributaries on the Oregon side. An Oregon license holder has the same rights and restrictions with reference to the Idaho side. Any angler who fishes on the Snake River is entitled to have in possession only the limit allowed by one license regardless of the number of licenses in possession.
- Consult the 2015-2018 Fishing Seasons and Rules brochure for other regulations relating to fishing, license costs and other Department information.

IDAHO 2017 Coho Salmon Seasons & Rules

**Clearwater River
North Fork Clearwater River
Middle Fork Clearwater**

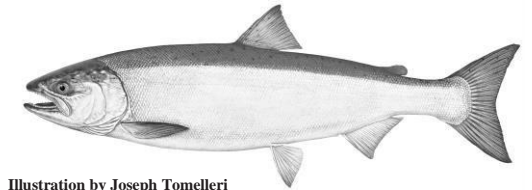


Illustration by Joseph Tomelleri

Salmon in this brochure refer to anadromous (ocean run) Coho Salmon of the species *Oncorhynchus kisutch*.

Idaho Department of Fish and Game
Virgil Moore, Director
P.O. Box 25, Boise, ID 83707
Phone: (208) 334-3700
<http://fishandgame.idaho.gov>
Citizens Against Poaching
1-800-632-5999

Tribal fisheries also occur in Idaho. They are governed by the Tribes and have different rules than Idaho sport fisheries. Please be respectful of these different fishing traditions.

Seasons

Open October 7 through November 19, or until further notice, whichever comes first

In all waters open to Coho Salmon fishing, fishing will be allowed 7 days a week

The following waters are open to fishing for Coho Salmon during the period listed above. Waters not specifically designated below shall remain CLOSED to fishing for Coho Salmon unless opened by Commission action.

Mainstem Clearwater River: From its mouth upstream to the South Fork Clearwater River (see *Mainstem Clearwater River special restrictions on page 4*).

North Fork Clearwater River: From its mouth upstream to Dworshak Dam (see *North Fork Clearwater River Special Restrictions on page 4*).

Middle Fork Clearwater River: From its confluence with the South Fork Clearwater River upstream to Clear Creek.

Fishing Hours

Fishing for Coho Salmon is permitted 24-hours a day during the designated season and locations

Daily, Possession, & Season Limits

- **Daily Bag Limit:** Two (2) Coho Salmon
- **Possession Limit:** Six (6) Coho Salmon
- **Season Limit:** No person may harvest more than ten (10) Coho Salmon during the 2017 season.

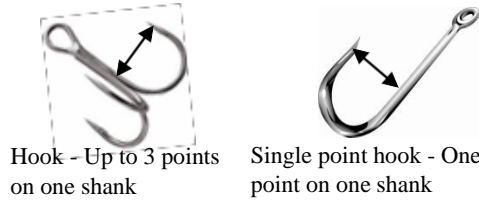
Anglers must cease fishing for Coho Salmon once they have retained their daily, possession, or season limit.

Releasing Fish

Any salmon that is landed and not reduced to possession must be released. Anglers should strive to minimize handling and stress on each fish caught and released to maximize their chance to survive.

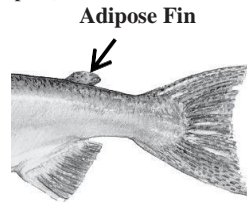
Methods of Take

- Only barbless hooks may be used when fishing for salmon. Bending the barb(s) down to the shank of a single, double, or treble hook will meet this requirement.
- It is unlawful to use any hook larger than 5/8 inch measured from the point of the hook to the shank



Harvest Rules

- Coho Salmon with or without an adipose fin can be harvested. Please be aware that steelhead and fall Chinook Salmon occur in these waters, and rules for these fishes are different than for Coho Salmon. Know the difference between these species. (see page 3 for examples).



- No person shall have in the field or in transit a hatchery-produced adult anadromous salmon that has been processed by removing the head and tail unless the following conditions are met: 1) the fish has been recorded on the taker's salmon permit; 2) the fish is processed and packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh including a portion with a healed, clipped, adipose fin scar or the adipose fin and 3) it must be packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can readily be determined. No person shall process salmon until they are ashore and done fishing for the day. No person shall transport processed salmon via boat. Any processed salmon count towards an angler's possession limit while in the field or in transit.
- All salmon that are hooked, landed and reduced to possession must be killed immediately after landing and shall be counted in the limits of the person hooking the fish.

Permit Validation

Any angler fishing for Coho Salmon must have a valid salmon permit. This is the same permit that can be used when fishing for Chinook Salmon.

When a Coho Salmon has been hooked, landed and reduced to possession, the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

- Cut out and completely remove one numbered notch from the permit; and
- Look up the location code number from the list below and write it in the space provided; and
- Enter in space provided, the month and day fish was caught.

Note:

- When a salmon is released unharmed, as in catch-and-release fishing, the angler is not required to make an entry on the permit.
- All harvested Coho Salmon, regardless of their size, must be recorded on their salmon permit.

For example, a Coho Salmon harvested on October 20, 2017 from the Middle Fork Clearwater River would be entered as:

| Fish | Bird | Month | Day | Location Code | Month | Day | Location Code | Fish | Bird |
|------|------|-------|-----|---------------|-------|-----|---------------|------|------|
| 1 | ▶ | 10 | 20 | 06 | | | | ▶ | 21 |
| 2 | ▶ | | | | | | | ▶ | 22 |
| 3 | ▶ | | | | | | | ▶ | 23 |
| 4 | ▶ | | | | | | | ▶ | 24 |
| 5 | ▶ | | | | | | | ▶ | 25 |

REMOVE NOTCH COMPLETELY!

RIVER LOCATION CODES

See Seasons section for full description of fishing boundaries. All of a river section may not be open for salmon fishing.

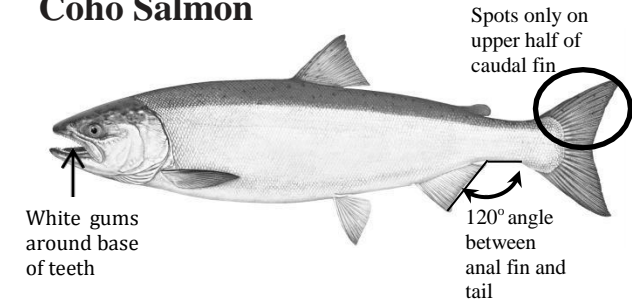
Clearwater River

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|
| Clearwater River, below the Orofino Bridge..... | 03 |
| Clearwater River, above the Orofino Bridge..... | 04 |
| North Fork Clearwater River | 05 |
| Middle Fork Clearwater River | 06 |

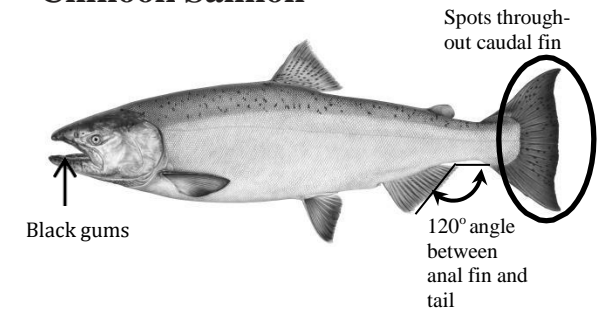
Know Your Fish

Before you harvest a Coho Salmon, be certain you know your fish. Rules for steelhead and fall Chinook Salmon are different than for Coho Salmon. The pictures below can help you identify these fishes.

Coho Salmon



Chinook Salmon



Steelhead

