

13.01.17 - RULES GOVERNING THE USE OF BAIT AND TRAPPING FOR TAKING BIG GAME ANIMALS

100. USE OF BAIT FOR HUNTING.

Bait for hunting is defined as any substance placed to attract big game animals, except liquid scent for deer and elk. Bait may be used to hunt ONLY black bear and gray wolf and ONLY under the following conditions, ~~EXCEPT~~ ~~gray~~ Gray wolf may be taken incidentally to bear baiting. ~~(4-4-13)(x-x-xx)~~

01. Time. (7-1-93)

a. No bait or bait container may be placed for the purpose of attracting or taking black bear or gray wolf prior to the opening of black bear take season EXCEPT bait may be placed one (1) week prior to the opening of bear season in Units 10, 12, 16A, 17, 19, 20, 20A, 26 and 27. ~~(4-4-13)(x-x-xx)~~

b. All bait, bait containers and materials must be removed and all excavations refilled no later than seven (7) days after the close of each black bear or wolf season (~~spring, fall, or including~~ black bear dog training); EXCEPT bait, bait containers, and materials may remain in Units 10 and 12 between the dog training season and the black bear fall hunt. ~~(4-4-13)(x-xx-xx)~~

02. Location. (7-1-93)

a. No bait site may be located within two hundred (200) feet of any water (lake, pond, reservoir, year round free flowing spring and year round free flowing stream). (3-29-17)

b. In all regions except the Panhandle and Clearwater Regions, no bait site may be located within two hundred (200) yards from any maintained trail or any established roadway that is open to the general public for motorized traffic and capable of being traveled by full-sized automobiles; in the Panhandle and Clearwater Regions, no bait site may be located within two hundred (200) feet from any maintained trail or any established roadway that is open to the general public for motorized traffic and capable of being traveled by full-sized automobiles. (3-29-17)

c. No bait site for hunting black bear or gray wolf may be located within one-half (1/2) mile of any designated campground or picnic area, administrative site, or dwelling. ~~(7-1-93)(x-x-xx)~~

03. Types. (7-1-93)

a. No person shall use any part of a domestic or wild origin game bird, big game animal, upland game animal, game fish, or protected nongame wildlife for bait or scent; EXCEPT from December 1 – March 15, Gray wolves may be baited using the parts of accidentally killed wildlife salvaged in accordance with IDAPA 13.01.10, “Rules Governing the Importation, Possession, Release, Sale or Salvage of Wildlife.” Subsections 300.02.c. and 300.02.d. in Game Management Units as identified by the Commission’s Big Game Season Proclamation. The Proclamation is published in a brochure available at department offices and license vendors. ~~(x-xx-xx)(4-7-11)~~

b. The skin must be removed from any mammal parts or carcasses used as bait. (7-1-93)

c. No person shall use salt in any form (liquid or solid) for bait. (3-29-10)

d. ~~No person shall use live bait in any form.~~ ~~(x-x-xx)~~

04. Containers. (7-1-93)

a. No bait may be contained within paper, plastic, glass, metal, wood or other nonbiodegradable materials, except that a single, metal container with a maximum size of fifty-five (55) gallons may be used if securely attached at the bait site. (7-1-93)

b. No bait may be contained in any excavated hole greater than four (4) feet in diameter. (7-1-93)

05. Establishment of Bait Sites. (7-1-93)

a. Any structures constructed at bait sites using nails, spikes, ropes, screws, or other materials must be removed by the permit holder within seven (7) days after the close of each season; spring, fall, or black bear dog training. (3-29-10)

b. All bait sites must be visibly marked at the nearest tree or on the bait container using a tag supplied by the Department. (7-1-93)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. BAITING PERMIT.

01. Baiting Permit. (7-1-93)

a. Baiting permits are issued by mail or in person from Idaho Department of Fish and Game regional and subregional office ~~beginning March 1 of each year.~~ (7-1-93)(x-x-xx)

b. Baiting permits will be valid for the calendar year in which they are issued. (7-1-93)

02. Use of Baiting Permit. (7-1-93)

a. All persons placing bait must possess a baiting permit issued by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game. (3-15-02)

b. Each hunter may possess only one (1) Idaho Department of Fish and Game baiting permit each year and may maintain up to three (3) bait sites, except the number of bait sites maintained by outfitters will be specified by the land management agency in the outfitter's operating plan. (7-1-93)

c. No person may hunt over an unlawful bait site. (7-1-93)

d. Guides and clients of outfitters are not required to obtain a baiting permit, but they must have a copy of the outfitter's permit in their possession while hunting over a bait site. (7-1-93)

IDAPA 13.01.08.410.UNLAWFUL METHODS OF TAKE.

410. UNLAWFUL METHODS OF TAKE.

No person shall take big game animals as outlined in this section. (7-1-93)

05. Other. (7-1-93)

b. With any bait including grain, salt in any form (liquid or solid), or any other substance (not to include liquid scent) to constitute an attraction or enticement, with the exception of applicable rules for the baiting of black bears or baiting permit, gray wolves, and gray wolf trapping. See Rules of the Idaho Fish and Game Commission, IDAPA 13.01.17, "Rules Governing the Use of Bait and Trapping for Taking Big Game Animals". (x-x-xx)(4-4-13)